### **Proverbs 1**

- 1 The proverbs of Solomon the son of David, king of Israel;
- 2 To know wisdom and instruction; to perceive the words of understanding;
- 3 To receive the instruction of wisdom, justice, and judgment, and equity;
- 4 To give subtilty to the simple, to the young man knowledge and discretion.
- 5 A wise man will hear, and will increase learning; and a man of understanding shall attain unto wise counsels:
- 6 To understand a proverb, and the interpretation; the words of the wise, and their dark sayings.



### Why are there dark sayings.

### Jesus told his disciples in answer to their question on his teaching of parables, "Seeing they may not see, And hearing they may not understand."

I thought Jesus was the one that was going to die for all man kind. So why is he not giving understanding to all.

# Wisdom is the Principal Thing

Proverbs 4:7 Wisdom is the principal thing; Therefore get wisdom. And in all your getting, get understanding.

We need understanding of *where we are* and *how we got here*.

Where are, "We the People?"

... and how We lost our Nation.

# What are these documents?

- Articles of Confederation
- Constitution of the United States

# Bankruptcy documents!

# Bankruptcy documents

They were designed to negotiate the debt of the colonies(national debt); to stay off bankruptcy and foreclosure by the creditor(*i.e.* England).

# **The Articles of Confederation**

Agreed to by Congress November 15, 1777; ratified and in force, March 1, 1781

### Article XII

All bills of credit emitted, monies borrowed, and debts contracted by, or under the authority of congress, before the assembling of the <u>united States</u>, in pursuance of the present confederation, **shall be deemed and considered as a charge against the** <u>United States</u>, for payment and satisfaction whereof the said <u>united States</u>, and the public faith are hereby solemnly pledged.

## Ratification order of the Constitution and Events

#### **Order Date Event**

- 1 December 7, 1787 Constitution is ratified Delaware
- 2 December 12, 1787 Constitution is ratified Pennsylvania
- 3 December 18, 1787 Constitution is ratified New Jersey
- 4 January 2, 1788 Constitution is ratified Georgia
- 5 January 9, 1788 Constitution is ratified Connecticut
- 6 February 6, 1788 Constitution is ratified Massachusetts
- 7 April 26, 1788 Constitution is ratified Maryland
- 8 May 23, 1788 Constitution is ratified South Carolina
- 9 June 21, 1788 Constitution is ratified New Hampshire
  - June 21, 1788 Constitution is now established by the ratification of

#### 9(nine) STATES-Peite Jury

- 10 June 25, 1788 Constitution is ratified Virginia
- 11 July 26, 1788 Constitution is ratified New York

April 30, 1789 George Washington is inaugurated as the first President of the United States

- 12 November 21, 1789 Constitution is ratified North Carolina
- 13 May 29, 1790 Constitution is ratified Rhode Island
- 14 January 10, 1791 Constitution is ratified Vermont

# **The United States Constitution**

Article VI - Debts, Supremacy, Oaths All Debts contracted and Engagements entered into, before the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, **as under the Confederation.** 

## When a nation borrows money, how long is the term of the loan?

### A loan to a <u>nation</u> is a 70 year note.

Approximately 1791 was the start of the loan("note") to stave off the bankruptcy of the United States of America.

At the conclusion of a war, where does one sign the Peace Treaty?

# At the conclusion of World War II, where was the Peace Treaty signed?

Aboard the USS Missouri (considered American Soil), the Japanese surrendered to General Douglas MacArthur.

# On the soil of the victor.

# Where was the treaty for the Revolutionary War signed?

Paris, France. It was called the **Treaty of Paris**.

# Where was the treaty for the War of 1812 signed?

# Ghent, Belgium in 1814.

Neither the treaty for the **Revolutionary War** or the **The War of 1812** was signed on American soil. Who were the Victors of these wars?



## **Red pill or the Blue pill?**

## What does the Treaty of Paris say?

### **Treaty of Paris** (Treaty for the Revolutionary War)

The Definitive Treaty of Peace 1783 *In the name of the most holy and undivided Trinity.* It having pleased the Divine Providence to dispose the hearts of the most serene and most potent **Prince George the Third**, by the grace of God, <u>king of</u> Great Britain, France, and Ireland, defender of the faith, duke of Brunswick and Lunebourg, archtreasurer and prince elector of the Holy Roman Empire etc., and of the United States of America. . .

## The South's Secession

When the Southern states walked out of Congress on March 27, 1861, the quorum to conduct business under the Constitution was lost. Congress was adjourned *Sine Die* – "without a day". Lincoln could not legally reconvene Congress because the lawful deliberative body ceased to exist.

## First Executive Order

Lincoln wrote the first executive order by any President, *Executive Order 1* on April 15, 1861. When Congress reconvened it was under the military authority of the Commander-in-Chief and not by *Rules of Order for Parliamentary bodies or by Constitutional Law*; thereby placing the American people under *Martial Rule*. What was the purpose of the Civil War?

Was it the War of Federal Aggression?

### To pay back the previous national debt.

The reason for the Civil War was to hold off bankruptcy. England wanted more collateral to renegotiate the national debt. Under the First seventy year note the public lands were collateral to England. They wanted more collateral: the private land. The Federal Government was not a good steward to pay off the debt and they had over extended themselves. As the northern states were in the beginning stages of the Industrial Revolution, they were indebted to the banks. The southern states were involved in agriculture and with slavery owned most of their land. Seventy percent of the income of the national budget was being paid by the south. The purpose of the Civil War was to seize the private land of the south as collateral for the bankruptcy.

A claim of emergency powers was at the center of President Abraham Lincoln's suspension of habeas corpus without Congressional approval in 1861. Lincoln claimed that the rebellion created an emergency that permitted him the extraordinary power of unilaterally suspending the writ.

In 1863, Lincoln declared martial law under "General Order 100" also referred to as the Lieber Code of 1863.

## **General Order 100, Lieber Code**

### Article:

3. Martial law in a hostile country consists in the suspension by the occupying military authority of the criminal and civil law, and of the domestic administration and government in the occupied place or territory, and in the substitution of military rule and force for the same, as well as in the dictation of general laws, as far as military necessity requires this suspension, substitution, or dictation. The commander of the forces may proclaim that the administration of all civil and penal law shall continue either wholly or in part, as in times of peace, unless otherwise ordered by the military authority.

7. Martial law extends to property, and to persons, whether they are subjects of the enemy or aliens to that government.

### **General Order 100, Lieber Code cont.**

- 26. Commanding generals may cause the magistrates and civil officers of the hostile country to take the oath of temporary allegiance or an oath of fidelity to their own victorious government or rulers, and they may expel every one who declines to do so. But whether they do so or not, the people and their civil officers owe strict obedience to them as long as they hold sway over the district or country, at the peril of their lives.
- 31. A victorious army appropriates all public money, seizes all public movable property until further direction by its government, and sequesters for its own benefit or of that of its government all the revenues of real property belonging to the hostile government or nation. The title to such real property remains in abeyance during military occupation, and until the conquest is made complete.

32. A victorious army, by the martial power inherent in the same, may suspend, change, or abolish, as far as the martial power extends, the relations which arise from the services due, according to the existing laws of the invaded country, from one citizen, subject, or native of the same to another.

The commander of the army must leave it to the ultimate <u>treaty of peace</u> to settle the permanency of this change.

### Libier Code Cont.:

Lincoln never signed a "Peace Treaty" he did not recognize the south as a nation his reasoning was that the states had ever possessed independent sovereignty as colonies and territories. He claimed that the states had accepted unconditionally the sovereignty of the national government with the ratification of the Constitution.

By <u>not</u> signing a Peace Treaty he perpetuated the Lieber Code and the illusion that the United States of America was still based on the Constitution when in actuality we were under military rule.

# The 14th Amendment

From 1864-1867, Several Reconstruction Acts were passed forcing the states to ratify the 14th Amendment, which created a new citizenship status and made everyone slaves.

### <u>A Little Test:</u>

Take a copy of the United States Constitution and do a word search on the word "Citizen". Notice, it first shows up in Amendment XI, next in Amendment XIV as "citizen"(*lc*).

# The 14th Amendment

cont.

Also;
Section 4 [Public Debt]
The validity of the public debt of the United States, . . . shall not be questioned.

Why? Slaves have no rights.

The United States of America: a Corporation?

In 1871, The United States became a Corporation with a new constitution and a new corporate government, and the original constitutional government was vacated to become dormant, but it was never terminated. The new constitution had to be ratified by the people according to the original constitution, but it never was. The whole process occurred behind closed doors.

## The Great Depression 1929

What was the real reason for the Great Depression?

The creditors wanted more collateral and the United States wanted to renegotiate the note to avoid bankruptcy. The creditors own the Public and Private land, now they want the people. Involuntary servitude of the People.
## The Federal Reserve Act December 23, 1913

An Act to provide for the establishment of Federal reserve banks, to furnish an <u>elastic currency</u>, to afford means of rediscounting commercial paper, to establish a more effective supervision of banking in the United States, and for other purposes .(Excerpt)

Also see: <u>MODERN MONEY MECHANICS</u>, a workbook on Bank Reserves and Deposit Expansion. Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago.

<u>The Creature from Jekyll Island</u> by G. Edward Griffin a Second Look at the Federal Reserve.

## House Joint Resolution 192 June 5, 1933

On June 5, 1933, Congress passed House Joint Resolution (HJR 192). HJR 192 was passed to suspend the gold standard and abrogate the gold clause in the national constitution. Since then no one in America has been able to lawfully pay a debt. This would be treasonous except it state that the United States government stated that, "payment of debt" is now against Congressional and "public policy" and henceforth, "Every obligation . . . Shall be discharged."

As a result of HJR 192, and from that day forward (June 5, 1933), no one in this nation has been able to lawfully pay a debt or lawfully own anything. The only thing one can do, is tender in transfer of debts, with the debt being perpetual. The suspension of the gold standard, and prohibition against paying debts, removed the substance for our common law to operate on, and created a void as far as the law is concerned. This substance was replaced with a "PUBLIC NATIONAL CREDIT SYSTEM" where debt is "LEGAL TENDER" money.

## **Trading with the Enemies Act**

The Trading With the Enemy Act, Title 12, §95(a) and §95(b) of the United States Code, is considered by many to *constitute a declaration of war made in 1933 against the people(flesh and blood) of the United States by President Franklin D. Roosevelt.* 

"Every citizen(flesh and blood) of the United States is now legally established as an enemy via the Amendatory Act of March 9, 1933" which amended the Trading With Enemy Act of October 6, 1917

## *Review:* A loan to a Nation is a 70 year note.

The last state to ratify the Constitution was Vermont on **January 10, 1791**. This was the implementation of a 70 year note of the United States under and by its Constitution to avoid bankruptcy as England as the creditor .

Continuation of the note, add 70 years to 1791 = 1861 Continuation of the note, add 70 years to 1861 = 1931 Continuation of the note, add 70 years to 1931 = 2001

What great event took place around 2001?

## **The Bankruptcy of the United States**

**Representative James Traficant, Jr. (Ohio)** 

From the United States Congressional Record, March 17, 1993 Vol. 33, page H-1303

Speaker - Rep. James Traficant, Jr. (Ohio) addressing the House:

"**Mr. Speaker, we are here now in chapter 11**.. Members of Congress are official trustees presiding over the greatest reorganization of any Bankrupt entity in world history, the U.S. Government. We are setting forth hopefully, a blueprint for our future. There are some who say it is a coroner's report that will lead to our demise.

It is an established fact that the United States Federal **Government has been dissolved by the Emergency** Banking Act, March 9, 1933, 48 Stat. 1, Public Law 89-719; declared by President Roosevelt, being bankrupt and insolvent. H.J.R. 192, 73rd Congress m session June 5, 1933 – Joint Resolution To Suspend The Gold Standard and Abrogate The Gold Clause dissolved the Sovereign Authority of the United States and the official capacities of all United States Governmental Offices, Officers, and Departments and is further evidence that the United States Federal Government exists today in name only.

The receivers of the United States Bankruptcy are the **International Bankers, via the United Nations, the World Bank** and the International Monetary Fund. All United States Offices, Officials, and Departments are now operating within a de facto status in name only under Emergency War Powers. With the Constitutional Republican form of Government now dissolved, the receivers of the Bankruptcy have adopted a new form of government for the United States. This new form of government is known as a Democracy, being an established Socialist/Communist order under a new governor for America. This act was instituted and established by transferring and/or placing the Office of the Secretary of Treasury to that of the Governor of the International Monetary Fund. Public Law 94-564, page 8, Section H.R. 13955 reads in part: "The U.S. Secretary of Treasury receives no compensation for representing the United States."

## What's a Democracy?

#### Two foxes and a chicken voting on what's for dinner.





**Congressmen Allen West (R - FL) & Connie Mack (R - FL) Excerpt from the Glenn Beck Show, Fox News, March 9, 2011** 

## A creator is never subservient to his/its creation.

#### God

#### • Man

• The Assembly("We the People") Grand Jury - Elections - Trial Jury

#### Constitution

- Public Servants(Exec., Leg., Jud.)
- Statute Law, Codes, Rules, Regulations
  - Corporations
  - United States, Corporation
    - State Corporations
    - County Corporations



## "the president is the Chief Executive Officer of this *corporation* called The United States of America"

(As stated on during an interview by Judge Napolitano with Allen West & Connie Mack on the Glenn Beck show/Fox News, March 9, 2011)

Alan West(Florida) *Republican U.S. Representative* 

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# Now What? What's our remedy?

### The Republic of the united States of America

Your country. The one you grew up thinking was yours. The one you were taught was yours. "We the People".

## **Reinhabit your Republic**

The Supreme Court has stated the *de jure* government offices still exist but the people have failed to occupy them. This fact was made clear by Supreme Court decision in 1901 (*Downes v. Bidwell*).

### The Republic of the united States of America

Rules and Procedures for the *de jure* **Grand Jury convening**, in compliance with 38A Corpus Juris Secundum § 9, ... There cannot be a **grand jury** *de facto* when there is a **grand jury** *de jure*.

(People v. Brautigan).

#### **The Republic of the united States of America**

What has happened so far is....

Fortunately for all, men and women across the country have reinhabited constitutional government in the fifty states, established grand juries, and elected national statesmen (senators), delegates (representatives) and governors. The governors, in turn, appointed State Supreme Court justices.

So too, at the national level, a president and vice president were elected and Federal Supreme Court justices appointed.

Michigan, a Free and Independent state, has presently reseated 10 Counties. All of which have given "Public Notice" to the *defacto* government. In short, our once-free nation is being restored.

### In this reinhabited government there will be:

- Real money not based on debt
- No IRS
- No Property Tax
- Travel without hindrance
- No marriage licenses
- No business or professional licenses
- Justice system based on Common Law "No victim, no crime"

## **Declaration of Independence**

#### IN CONGRESS, Jew 1, 098.

#### Tobe manimons Prefaration on an States of America.

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When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed...

That whenever any form of government becomes destructive to these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new government, . . . it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security.

## What will you do?

"All that is necessary for the triumph of evil, is that good men do nothing" *Credited to Edmund Burke*  **The Republic of the united States of America** 

### As JFK stated,

(Inaugural address January 20, 1961)

"ask not what your country can do for you – ask what you can do for your country ".

What will you do for your Country, for your posterity? Will "We the People" reinhabit their nation?